# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Version #: 01 Issue date: 29-September-2023

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking			
Trade name or designation of the mixture	FRAGRANCE DIFFUSER 100ml - SPA & MASSAGE THAI 41MDSM		
Registration number	-		
Synonyms	None.		
Product code	41MDSM		
1.2. Relevant identified uses of Identified uses	the substance or mixture and uses advised against General Public		
Uses advised against	None known.		
1.3. Details of the supplier of th	e safety data sheet		
Supplier			
Company name Address	Home Fragrance Italia S.r.L. Via del Commercio 28 Bernareggio (MB) 20881 IT		
Division			
Telephone			
e-mail	Not available.		
Contact person	Not available.		
1.4. Emergency telephone number			
1.4. Emergency telephone num General in EU	ber 112 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)		
Austria National Poisons Information Centre	+431 406 4343 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)		
Belgium National Poisons Control Centre	070 245 245 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)		
Bulgaria National Toxicological Information Centre	+359 2 9154233 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)		
Czech Republic National Poisons Information Centre	+420 224 919 293, or +420 224 915 402 (Hours of operation not provided. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)		
Denmark National Poisons Control Centre	+45 82 12 12 12 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)		
Estonia National Poisons Information Centre	16662 or abroad: (+372) 626 9390 (Monday 9:00AM to Saturday 9:00AM (closed on Sundays and on national holidays). SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)		
Finland National Poison Information Centre	(09) 471 977 (direct) or (09) 4711 (exchange) (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)		
France National Poisons Control Centre	ORFILA number (INRS): + 33 (0) 1 45 42 59 59 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)		
Hungary National Emergency Phone Number	36 80 20 11 99 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)		
Lithuania Neatidėliotina informacija apsinuodijus	+370 5 236 20 52 or +37068753378 (Hours of operation not provided. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)		

1.4. Emergency telephone number			
Malta Accident and Emergency Department	2545 4030 (Hours of operation not provided. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)		
Netherlands National Poisons Information Centre (NVIC)	030-274 88 88 (Only for the purpose of informing medical personnel in cases of acute intoxications)		
Norway Norwegian Poison Information Centre	22 59 13 00 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)		
Portugal Poison Centre	800 250 250 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)		
Romania Biroul RSI si Informare Toxicologica	021.318.36.06 (Available 8:00AM-3:00PM. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)		
Slovakia National Toxicological Information Centre	+421 2 5477 4166 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)		
Sweden National Poison Information Centre	112 - and ask for Poison Information (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)		
Switzerland Tox Info Suisse	145 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.)		

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

Physical hazards Flammable liquids	Category 2	H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Health hazards		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin sensitisation	Category 1	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Environmental hazards		
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term aquatic hazard	Category 3	H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

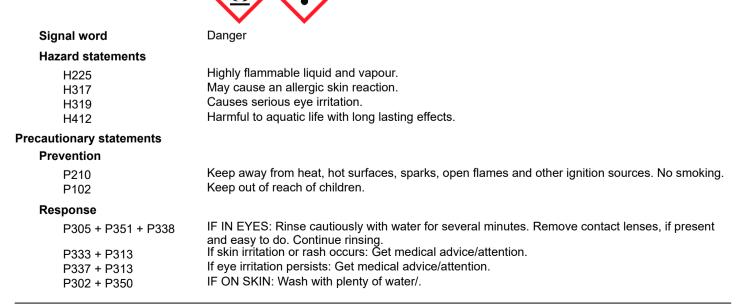
#### 2.2. Label elements

Contains:

## Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended

(E)-1-(2,6,6-trimethylcyclohex-2-en-1-yl)but-2-en-1-one, alpha-Pinene, Benzyl salicylate, beta-Pinene, Citral, Citrus Aurantium Dulcis Flower Extract, Eucalyptol, Eugenol, Hexyl Cinnamal, Isocyclemone E, Linalool, Linalyl acetate, I-Limonene, Oils, manila elemi

Hazard pictograms



Not applicable.

Storage

## Disposal

P501

2.3. Other hazards

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

## Supplemental label information None.

This mixture does not contain substances assessed to be vPvB / PBT according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII. The product does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2. Mixtures

## **General information**

Chemical name	%		REACH Registration No.		Notes
Ethanol	80 - 90	64-17-5 200-578-6	-	603-002-00-5	
Classifi	cation: Flam. Liq. 2	2;H225, Eye Irrit. 2;⊦	319		
Eucalyptol	3 - 5	470-82-6 207-431-5	-	-	
Classifi	cation: Flam. Liq. 3	3;H226, Eye Irrit. 2;⊦	319, Skin Sens. 1B;H317		
Benzyl salicylate	1 - 3	118-58-1 204-262-9	01-2119969442-31	607-754-00-5	
Classifi	cation: Eye Irrit. 2;	H319, Skin Sens. 1E	;H317, Aquatic Chronic 3;ł	-1412	
Citrus Aurantium Dulcis Flowe	r 1-3	8028-48-6 232-433-8		-	
Classifi		2;H225, Skin Irrit. 2;F p. Tox. 1;H304, Aqu	1315, Eye Irrit. 2;H319, Ski atic Chronic 2;H411	n Sens.	
Hexyl Cinnamal	1 - 3	101-86-0 202-983-3	01-2119533092-50	-	
Classifi	<b>cation:</b> Skin Sens. Chronic 2;F		cute 1;H400(M=1), Aquatic		
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-	1 - 3	34590-94-8 252-104-2	-	-	#
Classifi	cation: -				
1,4-Cyclohexadiene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-	≤ 1	99-85-4 202-794-6	-	-	
Classifi	<b>cation:</b> Flam. Liq. 3 Chronic 2;F		1, Asp. Tox. 1;H304, Aquat	lic	
I-Limonene	≤ 1	5989-54-8 227-815-6	-	601-029-00-7	
Classifi			H315, Skin Sens. 1;H317, A Aquatic Chronic 1;H410	Asp. Tox.	
alpha-Pinene	≤ 0,3	80-56-8 201-291-9	-	-	
Classifi	2;H315, Šk	3;H226, Acute Tox. 4 in Sens. 1B;H317, A 1), Aquatic Chronic	;H302;(ATE: 500 mg/kg bw .sp. Tox. 1;H304, Aquatic A 1;H410(M=1)	v), Skin Irrit. cute	
Isocyclemone E	≤ 0,3	54464-57-2 259-174-3	-	-	
Classifi	cation: Skin Irrit. 2;	H315, Skin Sens. 1	3;H317, Aquatic Chronic 2;	H411	
Linalool	≤ 0,3	78-70-6 201-134-4	01-2119474016-42	603-235-00-2	
Classifi	cation: Skin Irrit. 2;	H315, Eye Irrit. 2;H3	319, Skin Sens. 1B;H317		
Linalyl acetate	≤ 0,3	115-95-7 204-116-4	-	-	
Classifi	cation: Skin Irrit. 2;	;H315, Eye Irrit. 2;H3	319, Skin Sens. 1B;H317		
(E)-1-(2,6,6-trimethylcyclohex- yl)but-2-en-1-one	2-en-1- ≤ 0,2	43052-87-5 -	-	-	
Classifi	cation: Acute Tox. Chronic 2;F		g/kg bw), Skin Sens. 1B;H	317, Aquatic	

Chemical name	% CAS-No. / EC No. REACH Registration No. Index No. Notes		
Benzene, 1-methyl-4-(1-meth	ylethyl)- ≤ 0,2 99-87-6 - 601-094-00-1 202-796-7		
Classi	fication: Flam. Liq. 3;H226, Acute Tox. 3;H331;(ATE: 3 mg/l), Repr. 2;H361, Asp. Tox. 1;H304, Aquatic Chronic 2;H411		
beta-Pinene	≤ 0,2 127-91-3 204-872-5		
Classi	fication: Flam. Liq. 3;H226, Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Skin Sens. 1B;H317, Asp. Tox. 1;H304, Aquatic Acute 1;H400(M=1), Aquatic Chronic 1;H410(M=1)		
Citral	≤ 0,2 5392-40-5 - 605-019-00-3 226-394-6		
Classi	fication: Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Eye Irrit. 2;H319, Skin Sens. 1;H317		
Eugenol	≤ 0,2 97-53-0 01-2119971802-33 - 202-589-1 -		
Classi	fication: Eye Irrit. 2;H319, Skin Sens. 1B;H317		
Oils, manila elemi	≤ 0,2 8023-89-0 639-668-9		
Classi	fication: Flam. Liq. 3;H226, Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Skin Sens. 1;H317, Asp. Tox. 1;H304, Aquatic Chronic 2;H411		
Other components below rep levels	ortable 1.58		
All concentrations are in perc			
Composition comments	The full text for all H-statements is displayed in section 16.		
SECTION 4: First aid mea			
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.		
4.1. Description of first aid mea	sures		
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.		
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions.		
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.		
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.		
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	Headache. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Coughing. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.		
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.		
SECTION 5: Firefighting n	neasures		
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.		
5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.		
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.		
5.3. Advice for firefighters Special protective equipment for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.		

Special fire fighting procedures	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1. Personal precautions, prote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.
For emergency responders	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.
6.2. Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas.
	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use.
6.4. Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
SECTION 7. Handling and	storage

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling	Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).
7.3. Specific end use(s)	Not available.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

## **Occupational exposure limits**

Austria. MAK List, OEL Ordinance (GwV), BGBI. II, no. 184/2001

Туре	Value	
Ceiling	3800 mg/m3	
	2000 ppm	
MAK	1900 mg/m3	
	1000 ppm	
Ceiling	614 mg/m3	
	100 ppm	
MAK	307 mg/m3	
	50 ppm	
	Ceiling MAK Ceiling	TypeValueCeiling3800 mg/m3 2000 ppmMAK1900 mg/m3 1000 ppmCeiling614 mg/m3MAK100 ppmMAK307 mg/m3

Belgium.	Exposure	Limit	Values
<b>O</b>			

Components	Туре	Value	Form
alpha-Pinene (CAS 80-56-8)	TWA	20 ppm	
beta-Pinene (CAS 127-91-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
Citral (CAS 5392-40-5)	TWA	32 mg/m3	Vapour and aerosol.
		5 ppm	Vapour and aerosol.
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	1907 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) - (CAS 34590-94-8)	TWA	308 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	

# Bulgaria. OELs. Regulation No 13 on protection of workers against risks of exposure to chemical agents at workComponentsTypeValue

components	туре	value
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	1000 mg/m3
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) - (CAS 34590-94-8)	TWA	308 mg/m3
		50 ppm
Croatia. Dangerous Substance Ex Components	posure Limit Values in the Wo Type	orkplace (ELVs), Annexes 1 and 2, Narodne Novine, 13/09 Value
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	MAC	1900 mg/m3
		1000 ppm
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) - (CAS 34590-94-8)	MAC	308 mg/m3
		50 ppm
Czech Republic. OELs. Governme	nt Decree 361	
Components	Туре	Value
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	Ceiling	3000 mg/m3
	TWA	1000 mg/m3
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) - (CAS 34590-94-8)	Ceiling	550 mg/m3
	TWA	270 mg/m3
Denmark. Exposure Limit Values		
Components	Туре	Value
alpha-Pinene (CAS 80-56-8)	TLV	25 ppm
Benzene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)- (CAS 99-87-6)	TLV	135 mg/m3
		25 ppm
beta-Pinene (CAS 127-91-3)	TLV	25 ppm
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	TLV	1900 mg/m3
		1000 ppm
I-Limonene (CAS 5989-54-8)	TLV	25 ppm
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) - (CAS 34590-94-8)	TLV	309 mg/m3
		50 ppm

Components	Туре	Value	
alpha-Pinene (CAS 80-56-8)	STEL	300 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
	TWA	150 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
Benzene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)- (CAS 99-87-6)	STEL	190 mg/m3	
		35 ppm	
	TWA	140 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
beta-Pinene (CAS 127-91-3)	STEL	300 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
	TWA	150 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1900 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
	TWA	1000 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) - (CAS 34590-94-8)	TWA	308 mg/m3	
· · · · · ·		50 ppm	

# Estonia. OELs. Occupational Exposure Limits of Hazardous Substances (Regulation No. 105/2001, Annex), as amended Components Type Value

# Finland. Workplace Exposure Limits

Components	Туре	Value	
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	2500 mg/m3	
		1300 ppm	
	TWA	1900 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) - (CAS 34590-94-8)	TWA	310 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	

# France. OELs. Occupational Exposure Limits as Prescribed by Art. R.4412-149 of Labor Code, as amended Components Value

Components	Гуре	Value
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethox - (CAS 34590-94-8)	VME xy)	308 mg/m3
		50 ppm
France. Threshold Limit Components	Values (VLEP) for Occupational Expos Type	sure to Chemicals in France, INRS ED 984 Value
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	VLE	9500 mg/m3
Regulatory status: Ir	Indicative limit (VL)	
		5000 ppm
Regulatory status:	Indicative limit (VL)	
	VME	1900 mg/m3
Regulatory status:	Indicative limit (VL)	
		1000 ppm
Regulatory status:	Indicative limit (VL)	
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethox - (CAS 34590-94-8)	VME xy)	308 mg/m3
Regulatory status:	Regulatory binding (VRC)	

		50 ppm	
Regulatory status: Regulatory b	pinding (VRC)		
	ELs). Commission for the Investigati	on of Health Hazard	s of Chemical Compound
n the Work Area (DFG) Components	Туре	Value	Form
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	380 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) (CAS 34590-94-8)	TWA	310 mg/m3	Vapour.
		50 ppm	Vapour.
Germany. TRGS 900, Limit Values in	the Ambient Air at the Workplace		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Benzene,	AGW	100 mg/m3	
1-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)- CAS 99-87-6)		Ŭ	
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	AGW	380 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) · (CAS 34590-94-8)	AGW	310 mg/m3	Vapour and aerosol.
		50 ppm	Vapour and aerosol.
Crance OEL & (Destree No. 90/1999 a	a amondod)		·
Greece. OELs (Decree No. 90/1999, a Components	Туре	Value	
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	1900 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Propanol, 1(or ?)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) (CAS 34590-94-8)	STEL	900 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
	TWA	600 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Hungary. OELs. Joint Decree on Che			
Components	Туре	Value	
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	3800 mg/m3	
	TWA	1900 mg/m3	
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) (CAS 34590-94-8)	TWA	308 mg/m3	
celand. OELs. Regulation 154/1999 c	on occupational exposure limits		
Components	Туре	Value	
Benzene, I-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-	TWA	135 mg/m3	
CAS 99-87-6)		25 ppm	
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	25 ppm 1900 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Propanol, 1(or	TWA	300 mg/m3	
2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) · (CAS 34590-94-8)	LWA		
		50 ppm	
reland. Occupational Exposure Limit	ts		
reland. Occupational Exposure Limit Components	ts Type	Value	Form

Ireland. Occupational Exposure Limit Components	ts Type	Value	Form
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1000 ppm	
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) - (CAS 34590-94-8)	TWA	308 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Italy. Occupational Exposure Limits			
Components	Туре	Value	Form
alpha-Pinene (CAS 80-56-8)	TWA	20 ppm	
beta-Pinene (CAS 127-91-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
Citral (CAS 5392-40-5)	TWA	5 ppm	Inhalable fraction and vapour.
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1000 ppm	
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) - (CAS 34590-94-8)	TWA	308 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Latvia. OELs. Occupational exposure	limit values of chemical	substances in work environme	nt
Components	Туре	Value	
Benzene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)- (CAS 99-87-6)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	1000 mg/m3	
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) - (CAS 34590-94-8)	TWA	308 mg/m3	
()		50 ppm	
Lithuania. OELs. Limit Values for Ch	emical Substances, Gene	ral Requirements	
Components	Туре	Value	
alpha-Pinene (CAS 80-56-8)	STEL	300 mg/m3	
-		50 ppm	
	TWA	150 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
Benzene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)- (CAS 99-87-6)	STEL	190 mg/m3	
· ·		35 ppm	

Components	Туре	Value	
alpha-Pinene (CAS 80-56-8)	STEL	300 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
	TWA	150 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
Benzene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)- (CAS 99-87-6)	STEL	190 mg/m3	
		35 ppm	
	TWA	140 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
beta-Pinene (CAS 127-91-3)	STEL	300 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
	TWA	150 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1900 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
	TWA	1000 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) - (CAS 34590-94-8)	STEL	450 mg/m3	
```'		75 ppm	
	TWA	308 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	

Propanol, 1(or	T\\/A	200 mg/m2
2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) - (CAS 34590-94-8)	TWA	308 mg/m3
		50 ppm
Malta. OELs. Occupational Exposu Schedules I and V)	re Limit Values (L.N. 227. of	Occupational Health and Safety Authority Act (CAP. 424)
Components	Туре	Value
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) (CAS 34590-94-8)	TWA	308 mg/m3
		50 ppm
Netherlands. OELs (binding)	_	
Components	Туре	Value
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1900 mg/m3
	TWA	260 mg/m3
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) - (CAS 34590-94-8)	TWA	300 mg/m3
Norway. Administrative Norms for	Contaminants in the Workpl	ace
Components	Туре	Value
alpha-Pinene (CAS 30-56-8)	TLV	140 mg/m3
		25 ppm
beta-Pinene (CAS 127-91-3)	TLV	140 mg/m3
		25 ppm
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	TLV	950 mg/m3
Limonono (CAS	TLV	500 ppm
-Limonene (CAS 5989-54-8)	I LV	140 mg/m3
		25 ppm
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) · (CAS 34590-94-8)	TLV	300 mg/m3
(0,10 04000 04 0)		50 ppm
		on 6 June 2014 on the maximum permissible
Components	Type	work environment, Journal of Laws 2014, item 817 Value
Citral (CAS 5392-40-5)	STEL	54 mg/m3
	TWA	27 mg/m3
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	1900 mg/m3
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) - (CAS 34590-94-8)	STEL	480 mg/m3
	TWA	240 mg/m3
Portugal. OELs. Decree-Law n. 290 Components	/2001 (Journal of the Repub Type	lic - 1 Series A, n.266) Value
Propanol, 1(or	TWA	308 mg/m3

Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) - (CAS 34590-94-8)	TWA	308 mg/m3		
		50 ppm		
Portugal. VLEs. Norm on occu	pational exposure to chemical a	gents (NP 1796)		
Components	Туре	Value	Form	
alpha-Pinene (CAS 80-56-8)	TWA	20 ppm		

Portugal. VLEs. Norm on occupational e Components	exposure to chemical age Type	Value	Form
peta-Pinene (CAS 127-91-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
Citral (CAS 5392-40-5)	TWA	5 ppm	Inhalable fraction and vapour.
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	1000 ppm	· - F
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) (CAS 34590-94-8)	STEL	150 ppm	
(0/10 0+000-0+-0)	TWA	100 ppm	
Romania. OELs. Protection of workers f	-		
Components	Туре	Value	
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	9500 mg/m3	
		5000 ppm	
	TWA	1900 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Propanol, 1(or	TWA	308 mg/m3	
?)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) (CAS 34590-94-8)			
		50 ppm	
Slovakia. OELs. Regulation No. 300/200 Components	7 concerning protection Type	of health in work with chemic Value	cal agents
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1920 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
	TWA	960 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Propanol, 1(or ?)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) (CAS 34590-94-8)	TWA	308 mg/m3	
(CAS 54590-94-0)		50 ppm	
Slovenia. OELs. Regulations concerning	a protection of workers a		to chemicals while worki
Official Gazette of the Republic of Slov	enia)		
Components	Туре	Value	
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	960 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Propanol, 1(or ?)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)	TWA	308 mg/m3	
(CAS 34590-94-8)		50 ppm	
Spain. Occupational Exposure Limits Components	Tupo	Value	Form
alpha-Pinene (CAS	Type TWA	113 mg/m3	
30-56-8)		но шулно	
		20 ppm	
peta-Pinene (CAS	TWA	113 mg/m3	
127-91-3)		00 -	
,		20 ppm	
	T\A/A	E mm	Inholohia fraction on i
	TWA	5 ppm	Inhalable fraction and vapour.
Citral (CAS 5392-40-5)	TWA STEL	5 ppm 1910 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction and vapour.
Citral (CAS 5392-40-5)		1910 mg/m3	
Citral (CAS 5392-40-5) Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1910 mg/m3 1000 ppm	
Citral (CAS 5392-40-5) Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)		1910 mg/m3	
Citral (CAS 5392-40-5) Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) - (CAS 34590-94-8)	STEL	1910 mg/m3 1000 ppm	

Components	Туре	Value	
alpha-Pinene (CAS 30-56-8)	STEL	300 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
	TWA	150 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
Benzene, -methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)- CAS 99-87-6)	STEL	190 mg/m3	
		35 ppm	
	TWA	140 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
eta-Pinene (CAS 27-91-3)	STEL	300 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
	TWA	150 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1900 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
	TWA	1000 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)	STEL	450 mg/m3	
(CAS 34590-94-8)		75 ppm	
	TWA	300 mg/m3	
		-	
		50 ppm	
Switzerland SUVA Grenzwerte am	Arbeitsplatz	50 ppm	
	n Arbeitsplatz Type	50 ppm Value Form	
Components Ilpha-Pinene (CAS			
Components Ilpha-Pinene (CAS	Туре	Value Form	
Components Ilpha-Pinene (CAS	Туре	ValueForm224 mg/m3	
Components	Type STEL	ValueForm224 mg/m340 ppm	
Components Ilpha-Pinene (CAS 60-56-8) Peta-Pinene (CAS	Type STEL	ValueForm224 mg/m340 ppm112 mg/m3	
Components Ilpha-Pinene (CAS 60-56-8) Peta-Pinene (CAS	Type STEL TWA	ValueForm224 mg/m340 ppm112 mg/m320 ppm	
Components Ilpha-Pinene (CAS 60-56-8) Peta-Pinene (CAS	Type STEL TWA	ValueForm224 mg/m340 ppm112 mg/m320 ppm224 mg/m3	
Components Ilpha-Pinene (CAS 30-56-8) beta-Pinene (CAS	Type STEL TWA STEL	Value         Form           224 mg/m3         40 ppm           112 mg/m3         20 ppm           224 mg/m3         40 ppm           40 ppm         50 ppm           20 ppm         50 ppm	
Components Ilpha-Pinene (CAS 30-56-8) beta-Pinene (CAS 27-91-3)	Type STEL TWA STEL	Value         Form           224 mg/m3         224 mg/m3           40 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         224 mg/m3           40 ppm         112 mg/m3	
Components Ilpha-Pinene (CAS 30-56-8) beta-Pinene (CAS 127-91-3)	Type STEL TWA STEL TWA	Value         Form           224 mg/m3         40 ppm           40 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         224 mg/m3           40 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         20 ppm           20 ppm         20 ppm           20 ppm         20 ppm           40 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         20 ppm	
Components alpha-Pinene (CAS 30-56-8) Deta-Pinene (CAS 127-91-3)	Type STEL TWA STEL TWA	Value         Form           224 mg/m3         224 mg/m3           40 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         224 mg/m3           40 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         20 ppm           112 mg/m3         20 ppm           112 mg/m3         20 ppm           112 mg/m3         20 ppm           120 ppm         12 mg/m3	
Components Ilpha-Pinene (CAS 30-56-8) beta-Pinene (CAS 127-91-3)	Type STEL TWA STEL TWA STEL	Value         Form           224 mg/m3         40 ppm           112 mg/m3         -           20 ppm         -           224 mg/m3         -           40 ppm         -           112 mg/m3         -           20 ppm         -           112 mg/m3         -           20 ppm         -           112 mg/m3         -           20 ppm         -           100 ppm         -	
Components alpha-Pinene (CAS 30-56-8) beta-Pinene (CAS 127-91-3) Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)	Type STEL TWA STEL TWA STEL	Value         Form           224 mg/m3         40 ppm           40 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         224 mg/m3           40 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         224 mg/m3           40 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         90 ppm           1920 mg/m3         1000 ppm           960 mg/m3         960 mg/m3	erosol.
Components Alpha-Pinene (CAS 30-56-8) Deta-Pinene (CAS 127-91-3) Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)	Type STEL TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA	Value         Form           224 mg/m3         40 ppm           112 mg/m3         20 ppm           224 mg/m3         40 ppm           112 mg/m3         20 ppm           20 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         1920 mg/m3           1000 ppm         960 mg/m3           500 ppm         Xapour and action	
Components alpha-Pinene (CAS 30-56-8) beta-Pinene (CAS 127-91-3) Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)	Type STEL TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA STEL	Value         Form           224 mg/m3         40 ppm           40 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         224 mg/m3           40 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         224 mg/m3           40 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         1920 mg/m3           1000 ppm         960 mg/m3           500 ppm         Vapour and action           50 ppm         Vapour and action	erosol.
Components alpha-Pinene (CAS 30-56-8) beta-Pinene (CAS 127-91-3) Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)	Type STEL TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA	Value         Form           224 mg/m3         40 ppm           40 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         224 mg/m3           20 ppm         224 mg/m3           40 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         1920 mg/m3           1000 ppm         960 mg/m3           500 ppm         300 mg/m3           50 ppm         Vapour and action of the second se	erosol. erosol.
Components         alpha-Pinene (CAS         30-56-8)         beta-Pinene (CAS         127-91-3)         Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)         Propanol, 1(or         2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)         (CAS 34590-94-8)	Type STEL TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA	Value         Form           224 mg/m3         40 ppm           40 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         224 mg/m3           40 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         224 mg/m3           40 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         1920 mg/m3           1000 ppm         960 mg/m3           500 ppm         Vapour and action           50 ppm         Vapour and action	erosol. erosol.
Switzerland. SUVA Grenzwerte am Components alpha-Pinene (CAS 30-56-8) Deta-Pinene (CAS 127-91-3) Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) • (CAS 34590-94-8) UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Lir Components	Type STEL TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA TWA	Value         Form           224 mg/m3         40 ppm           112 mg/m3         20 ppm           224 mg/m3         40 ppm           1224 mg/m3         40 ppm           112 mg/m3         20 ppm           112 mg/m3         20 ppm           112 mg/m3         20 ppm           1920 mg/m3         40 ppm           1000 ppm         960 mg/m3           500 ppm         40 ppm           300 mg/m3         Vapour and action           50 ppm         Vapour and action           50 ppm         Vapour and action           50 ppm         Vapour and action	erosol. erosol.
Components         alpha-Pinene (CAS         30-56-8)         beta-Pinene (CAS         127-91-3)         Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)         Propanol, 1(or         2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)         (CAS 34590-94-8)	Type STEL TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA	Value         Form           224 mg/m3         40 ppm           40 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         224 mg/m3           20 ppm         224 mg/m3           40 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         112 mg/m3           20 ppm         1920 mg/m3           1000 ppm         960 mg/m3           500 ppm         300 mg/m3           50 ppm         Vapour and action of the second se	erosol. erosol.

## Sweden. OELs. Work Environment Authority (AV), Occupational Exposure Limit Values (AFS 2015:7) Components Type Value

UK. EH40 Workplace Expo Components	Туре	Value
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) - (CAS 34590-94-8)	TWA	308 mg/m3
		50 ppm
EU. Indicative Exposure L Components	imit Values in Directives 91/ Type	/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU Value
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) - (CAS 34590-94-8)	TWA	308 mg/m3
		50 ppm
iological limit values	No biological exposure lin	nits noted for the ingredient(s).
ecommended monitoring rocedures	Follow standard monitorin	ng procedures.
erived no effect levels DNELs)	Not available.	
redicted no effect oncentrations (PNECs)	Not available.	
xposure guidelines		
Austria MAK: Skin designa		Can be absorbed through the skin
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-me (CAS 34590-94-8) Belgium OELs: Skin desig		Can be absorbed through the skin.
Citral (CAS 5392-40-5)		Can be absorbed through the skin.
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-me (CAS 34590-94-8) Bulgaria OELs: Skin desig		Can be absorbed through the skin.
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-me (CAS 34590-94-8) Croatia ELVs: Skin design		Can be absorbed through the skin.
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-me (CAS 34590-94-8) Czech Republic PELs: Ski		Can be absorbed through the skin.
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-me (CAS 34590-94-8) Denmark GV: Skin designa	thoxymethylethoxy)-	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-me (CAS 34590-94-8)	thoxymethylethoxy)-	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Estonia OELs: Skin desigr Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-me (CAS 34590-94-8)		Can be absorbed through the skin.
EU Exposure Limit Values	-	
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-me (CAS 34590-94-8) Finland Exposure Limit Va		Can be absorbed through the skin.
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-me (CAS 34590-94-8)	-	Can be absorbed through the skin.
France INRS: Skin designa		
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-me (CAS 34590-94-8)		Can be absorbed through the skin.
Greece OEL: Skin designa		
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-me (CAS 34590-94-8)	tnoxymethylethoxy)-	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Iceland OELs: Skin design	ation	
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-me (CAS 34590-94-8)		Can be absorbed through the skin.
Ireland Exposure Limit Val	-	
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-me (CAS 34590-94-8) Italy OELs: Skin designatio		Can be absorbed through the skin.
Citral (CAS 5392-40-5) Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-me (CAS 34590-94-8)		Danger of cutaneous absorption Danger of cutaneous absorption

Each of the constraint of 21/2 methorsymethylethoxy)- frogenal (10 c 21/2 methorsymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34500-44-3)         Can be absorbed through the skin.           Lithuratio GEL:: Skin designation         Propanel, (10 c 21/2 methorsymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34500-44-3)         Can be absorbed through the skin.           (CAS 34500-44-3)         Can be absorbed through the skin.         CAS 34500-44-3)           Norway Exposed Lithur Males: Skin designation         Propanel, (10 c 21/2 methorsymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34500-44-3)         Can be absorbed through the skin.           Norway Exposed Lithur Males: Skin designation         Emanol (CAS 64-17-5)         Can be absorbed through the skin.           Propanel, (10 c 21/2 methorsymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34500-44-3)         Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanel, 10 c 21/2 methorsymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34500-44-3)           Portugal UEL: Skin designation         Propanel, 10 c 21/2 methorsymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34500-44-3)         Can be absorbed through the skin.           Portugal ULE: Skin designation         Propanel, 10 c 21/2 methorsymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34500-44-3)         Can be absorbed through the skin.           CAS 34500-44-3)         Can be absorbed through the skin.         CAS 34500-44-3)           Stowain OEL: Skin designation         Propanel, 10 c 21/2 methorsymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34500-44-3)         Can be absorbed through the skin.           CAS 34500-44-3)         Can be absorbed through the skin.         CAS 34500-44-3)           Stowain OEL: Skin desig	Latvia OELs: Skin designa	tion	
Propanel, 1(n2 2)-2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34500-44.6)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanel, 1(n2 2)-2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34500-44.6)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanel, 1(n2 2)-2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34500-44.6)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Netto FLE: Skin designation       Ethana 1(CAS 64-17.5)         Reference (CAS 8450-44.6)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanel, 1(n2 2)-2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34500-44.6)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanel, 1(n2 2)-2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34500-44.6)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanel, 1(n2 2)-2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34500-44.6)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanel, 1(n2 2)-2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34500-44.6)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanel, 1(n2 2)-2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34500-44.6)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanel, 1(n2 2)-2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34500-44.6)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Romania OELs, Skin designation       Propanel, 1(n2 2)-2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34500-44.6)         Storvatia OELs, Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 34500-44.6)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 34500-44.6)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 34500-44.6)       Can be absorbed through the skin.	Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-met (CAS 34590-94-8)	hoxymethylethoxy)-	Can be absorbed through the skin.
(CAS 3450-04-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Norway Exposure Limit Values: Skin designation       Ethanol (CAS 64-175)         Norway Exposure Limit Values: Skin designation       Ethanol (CAS 94-04-8)         Portugal OEL: Skin designation       Propanel, 1(02-2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-         Can be absorbed through the skin.       Propan	Lithuania OELs: Skin desig	gnation	
Propanol. 1(ng 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 3450-04-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol. 1(ng 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 3450-04-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Bihand (CAS 64-17-5)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Norway Exposure Limit Values: Skin designation alpha-Pinere (CAS 80-50-9)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol. 1(ng 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 3450-44-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol. 1(ng 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 3450-44-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol. 1(ng 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 3450-44-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol. 1(ng 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 3450-44-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol. 1(ng 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 3450-44-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Romania OEL: Skin designation       Forpanol. 1(ng 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 3450-44-8)         Slovaia OEL: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol. 1(ng 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 3450-44-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Slovaia OEL: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol. 1(ng 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 3450-44-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 3450-44-8)       Sin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.	(CAS 34590-94-8)		Can be absorbed through the skin.
(CAS 3459:94-8)         Propanol. f(or 2)-{2-methoxymethylethoxy}.       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 3459:09-44.8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Notwerfands OELs (binding): Skin designation       Ethanol (CAS 461-75)         alpha-Pinene (CAS 90:56-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol. f(or 2)-{2-methoxymethylethoxy}.       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Protugal OELs: Skin designation       Propanol. f(or 2)-{2-methoxymethylethoxy}.         CAS 3459:04-80       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Portugal OELs: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol. f(or 2)-{2-methoxymethylethoxy}.       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 3459:04-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 3459:04-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 3450:04-8)       C		-	
Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 3450-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Norway Exposure Limit Values: Skin designation       Enanol (CAS 3450-34-8)         Shaha-Pinene (CAS 380-56-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 3450-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Portugal OEL: Skin designation       Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 3450-94-8)         Portugal VLE: Norm on Occupational Exposure: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 3450-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 3450-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Romania OEL: Skin designation       Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 3450-94-8)         Sloveia OIL: Skin designation       Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 3450-94-8)         Soloed To the Reputation State of the Reputati	(CAS 34590-94-8)		Can be absorbed through the skin.
(CAS 3450-04-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Norway Exposure Limit Values: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.         alpha-Prinene (CAS 80-56-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 3450-04-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 3450-04-8)       Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-         Can be absorbed through the skin.       (CAS 3450-04-8)         Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 3450-04-8)       Romania OEL: Skin designation         Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 3450-04-8)       Romania OEL: Skin designation         Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 3450-04-8)       Solvenia OEL: Skin designation         Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 3450-04-8)       Solvenia)         Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 3450-04-8)       Solvenia)         Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 3450-04-8)       Can be absorbed thro	Malta OELs: Skin designat	ion	
Effanol (CAS 64-17-5)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Norway Exposure Limit Values: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 3450-94-8)       Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-         Can be absorbed through the skin.       (CAS 3450-94-8)         Portugal VLEs: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 3450-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Proganol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 3450-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Proganol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 3450-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Slovakia OEL: Skin designation       Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-         (CAS 3450-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 3450-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin. </td <td>(CAS 34590-94-8)</td> <td></td> <td>Can be absorbed through the skin.</td>	(CAS 34590-94-8)		Can be absorbed through the skin.
Norway: Exposure Limit Values: Skin designation alpha-Pinene (CAS 80-58-8)         Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8)           Portugal OELs: Skin designation (CAS 34590-94-8)         Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8)           Portugal VLEs Norm on Occupational Exposure: Skin designation (CAS 34590-94-8)         Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8)           Portugal VLEs Norm on Occupational Exposure: Skin designation (CAS 34590-94-8)         Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8)           Romania OELs: Skin designation Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)         Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8)           Slovakia OELs: Skin designation Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)         Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8)           Slovakia OELs: Skin designation (CAS 34590-94-8)         Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8)           Slovakia OELs: Skin designation (CAS 34590-94-8)         Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8)           Swint Carl (CAS S3240-05)         Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8)           Swint Carl (CAS S3240-05)         Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8)           Swint Carl (CAS S3240-05)         Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8)           Swint Carl (CAS S324-05)         Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8)           Swint Carl (CAS 32450-94-8)         Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8) <td>Netherlands OELs (binding</td> <td>g): Skin designation</td> <td></td>	Netherlands OELs (binding	g): Skin designation	
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8)         Portugal VLEs Norm on Occupational Exposure: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8)         Portugal VLEs Norm on Occupational Exposure: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8)         Romania OEL:: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8)         Stovakia OEL:: Skin designation       Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)         Spain OEL:: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8)         Spain OEL:: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8)         Sweden Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8)         Sweden Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8)         Sweden Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	lues: Skin designation	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Propanol. 1 (or 2): (2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Portugal VLEs Norm on Oc-upational Exposure: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol. 1 (or 2): (2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Romania OELs: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol. 1 (or 2): (2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Slovakia OELs: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol. 1 (or 2): (2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Slovakia OELs: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol. 1 (or 2): (2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Slovakia OELs: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Sweden Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Sweden Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Switzerada SUVA Limit Values: Stin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.	Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-me		
(CAS 34500-94-8)         Portugal VLEs Norm on Occupational Exposure: Skin designation         Citral (CAS 5392-40-5)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 34500-94-8)         Romaila OELs: Skin designation         Propanol, 1 (or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 34500-94-8)         Slovakia OELs: Skin designation         Propanol, 1 (or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 34500-94-8)         Slovakia OELs. Regulations concerning protection of workers against risks due to exposure to chemicals while workin         (OKAS 34500-94-8)         Slovakia OELs. Regulations concerning protection of workers against risks due to exposure to chemicals while workin         (OKAS 34500-94-8)         Slovakia OELs: Skin designation         Citral (CAS 5392-40-5)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 34500-94-8)         Sweden Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation         Propanol, 1 (or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 34500-94-8)         Sweden Threshold Limit Values at the Workplace: Skin designation         alpha-Pinene (CAS 80-64-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 34500-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 34500-94-8)	Portugal OELs: Skin desig	nation	
Citral (CAS 5392-40-5)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 54590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Fropanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Slovakia OELs: Skin designation       Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-         (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Slovakia OELs. Regulations concerning protection of workers against risks due to exposure to chemicals while workin         (Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Swatteriand SUVA Limit Values: Skin designation       Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-         (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Switzeriand SUVA Limit Values at the Workplace: Skin designation       Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-         (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Switzeriand SUVA Limit Values at the Workplace: Skin designation       Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2	(CAS 34590-94-8)		-
Propainol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Slovakia OELs: Skin designation       Each absorbed through the skin.         Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Slovakia OELs: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 34590-94-8)       Slovenia)         Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Slovakia OELs: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Spain OELs: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Sweden Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation       Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)         Swettertand SUVA Limit Values: at the Workplace: Skin designation       Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)         Swetter Threshold Limit Values: at the Workplace: Skin designation       Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)         Swetter Threshold Limit Values: at the Workplace: Skin designation       Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)         Skin protection	-	cupational Exposure: Skir	-
(CAS 34590-94-8)         Romania OELs: Skin designation         Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)         Slovakia OELs: Skin designation         Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)         Slovenia. OELs. Regulations concerning protection of workers against risks due to exposure to chemicals while workin (Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia)         Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)         Spain OELs: Skin designation         Citral (CAS 5392-40-5)         Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8)         Sweden Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation         Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)         Sweden Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation         Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)         Switzerland SUVA Limit Values at the Workplace: Skin designation alpha-Pinene (CAS 80-56-8)         Can be absorbed through the skin. (beta-Pinene (CAS 105-68-1)         Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8)         Exposure controls propriate engineering netrols         Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering ontrols on anizatin airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Hex posure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limit	,		
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Stovakia OELs: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Stovakia OELs. Regulations concerning protection of workers against risks due to exposure to chemicals while workin (Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia)       Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)         Spain OELs: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Citral (CAS 5392-04-5)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Sweden Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation       Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)         Switzerland SUVA Limit Values at the Workplace: Skin designation alpha-Pinene (CAS 127-91-3)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Jetta Pinene (CAS 127-91-3)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         UK EH40 WEL: Skin designation Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Stadson-1, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         UK EH40 WEL: Skin designation Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Stexposure controls propriate engineering ntrol	(CAS 34590-94-8)		Can be absorbed through the skin.
(CAS 34590-94-8)         Slovakia OELs: Skin designation         Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)         Slovenia. OELs. Regulations concerning protection of workers against risks due to exposure to chemicals while workin (Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia)         Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Spain OELs: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Official GAZette of the Republic of Slovenia)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Sweden Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation       Propanol. 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)         Switzerfand SUVA Limit Values at the Workplace: Skin designation alpha-Pinene (CAS 12-Y-1-3)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         VCAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.       UK EH40 WEL: Skin designation         Propanol. 1 (or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.       UK EH40 WEL: Skin designation         Propanol. 1 (or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.       UK EH40 WEL: Skin designation         Propanol. 1 (or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.       UK EH40 WEL: Skin designation         Propanol. 1 (or 2)-(2-methoxymethy	-		Can be absorbed through the skin
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Stovenia. CBLs. Regulations concerning protection of workers against risks due to exposure to chemicals while workin (Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia)         Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Spain OELs: Skin designation (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Soveden Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Sweden Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Switzerland SUVA Limit Values at the Workplace: Skin designation alpha-Pinene (CAS 80-56-8) beta-Pinene (CAS 80-56-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.       Can be absorbed through the skin.         UK EH40 WEL: Skin designation Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Exposure controls propriste engineering ntrols       Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used.         Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended.         Skin protection metrols       Use personal protective equipment according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment. <td>(CAS 34590-94-8)</td> <td></td> <td></td>	(CAS 34590-94-8)		
Slovenia. OELs. Regulations concerning protection of workers against risks due to exposure to chemicals while working (Official Gazette of the Republic of Slovenia) Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8) Sweden Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8) Sweden Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8) Sweden Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation alpha-Pinene (CAS 80-56-8) Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8) Switzerland SUVA Limit Values at the Workplace: Skin designation alpha-Pinene (CAS 80-56-8) Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8) Switzerland SUVA Limit Values at the Workplace: Skin designation Alpha-Pinene (CAS 80-56-8) Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8) Exposure Controls propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- Can be absorbed through the skin. (CAS 34590-94-8) Exposure controls propriate engineering Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Ividual protection measures. such as personal protective equipment General information Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be choser according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment. Eye/face protection Hand pr	Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-me		Can be absorbed through the skin.
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Spain OELs: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Citral (CAS 5392-40-5)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Sweden Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation       Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)         Switzerland SUVA Limit Values at the Workplace: Skin designation alpha-Pinene (CAS 80-56-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         beta-Pinene (CAS 127-91-3)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         UK EH40 WEL: Skin designation       Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)         2. Exposure controls       Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used.         propriate engineering ntrols       Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used.         ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.         dividual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment       Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protective equipment.         Eyerface prot	Slovenia. OELs. Regulation		of workers against risks due to exposure to chemicals while working
Spain OELs: Skin designation       Cirral (CAS 5392-40-5)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Sweden Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation       Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-         (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Switzerland SUVA Limit Values at the Workplace: Skin designation       alpha-Pinene (CAS 80-56-8)         Switzerland SUVA Limit Values at the Workplace: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.         beta-Pinene (CAS 127-91-3)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         UK EH40 WEL: Skin designation       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 34590-94-8)       Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used.         Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering ochrots to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels ban according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipmen	Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-me	•	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Propanol, 1 (or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Sweden Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation       Propanol, 1 (or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Switzerland SUVA Limit Values at the Workplace: Skin designation alpha-Pinene (CAS 80-56-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         beta-Pinene (CAS 127-91-3)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         UK EH40 WEL: Skin designation Propanol, 1 (or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Exposure controls       Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyeupisment as required. Personal protection equipment should be choser according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.         Eye/face protection       Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.         • Other       Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.         Respiratory protection       If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in co		tion	
(CAS 34590-94-8)         Sweden Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation         Propanol, 1 (or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)         Switzerland SUVA Limit Values at the Workplace: Skin designation alpha-Pinene (CAS 80-56-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         beta-Pinene (CAS 127-91-3)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         UK EH40 WEL: Skin designation Propanol, 1 (or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Exposure controls propriate engineering ntrols       Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used.         Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.         lividual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment General information       Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be choser according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.         Eye/face protection       Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.         - Other       Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.         Respiratory protection       If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or t			
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Switzerland SUVA Limit Values at the Workplace: Skin designation alpha-Pinene (CAS 80-56-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         beta-Pinene (CAS 127-91-3)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         UK EH40 WEL: Skin designation Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         Steposure controls propriate engineering ntrols       Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used.         Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.         Ividual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment general information       Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be choser according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.         Eye/face protection       Wear asfety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Face shield is recommended.         Skin protection       Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.         - Other       Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.         Respiratory protection       If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentration	(CAS 34590-94-8)		Can be absorbed through the skin.
(CAS 34590-94-8)         Switzerland SUVA Limit Values at the Workplace: Skin designation         alpha-Pinene (CAS 80-56-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         beta-Pinene (CAS 127-91-3)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         UK EH40 WEL: Skin designation       Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-       Can be absorbed through the skin.         (CAS 34590-94-8)       Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used.         ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommender exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels below recommender exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.         lividual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment       Use personal protective equipment         General information       Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be choser equipment.         Eye/face protection       Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Face shield is recommended.         Skin protection       Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.         - Other       Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.         Respiratory protection       If engineering controls do not maintain airborne exposure		•	
alpha-Pinene (CAS 80-56-8)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         beta-Pinene (CAS 127-91-3)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         UK EH40 WEL: Skin designation       Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-         CAn be absorbed through the skin.       Can be absorbed through the skin.         UK EN-Say Say Say Say Say Say Say Say Say Say	(CAS 34590-94-8)		-
beta-Pinene (CAS 127-91-3)       Can be absorbed through the skin.         UK EH40 WEL: Skin designation       Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)- (CAS 34590-94-8)         Exposure controls       Can be absorbed through the skin.         propriate engineering ntrols       Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.         lividual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment General information       Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be choser according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.         Eye/face protection       Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.         - Other       Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.         If engineering controls do not maintain airborne exposure limits have not		-	in designation
UK EH40 WEL: Skin designation         Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-         (CAS 34590-94-8)         Exposure controls         propriate engineering         htrols         Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.         lividual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment         General information       Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be choser according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.         Eye/face protection       Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Face shield is recommended.         Skin protection       Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.         - Other       Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.         Respiratory protection       If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not			
(CAS 34590-94-8)Exposure controlspropriate engineering ntrolsExplosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.lividual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be choser according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.Eye/face protection - Hand protection - OtherWear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.OtherWear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended.			Can be absorbed through the skin.
propriate engineering introlsExplosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.lividual protection measures, General informationsuch as personal protective equipment Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be choser according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.Eye/face protectionWear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Face shield is recommended.Skin protectionWear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.OtherWear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.Respiratory protectionIf engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not		hoxymethylethoxy)-	Can be absorbed through the skin.
IntrolsVentilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.lividual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment General informationUse personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be choser according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.Eye/face protectionWear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Face shield is recommended.Skin protectionWear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.• OtherWear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.Respiratory protectionIf engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not	. Exposure controls		
General informationUse personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.Eye/face protectionWear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Face shield is recommended.Skin protectionWear appropriate chemical resistant gloves OtherWear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.Respiratory protectionIf engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not		Ventilation rates should be exhaust ventilation, or oth exposure limits. If exposu	be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local her engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended ure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an
Skin protection- Hand protection- OtherWear appropriate chemical resistant gloves OtherWear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.Respiratory protectionIf engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not	-	Use personal protective e according to the CEN sta	equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be chosen
<ul> <li>Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.</li> <li>Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.</li> <li>Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not</li> </ul>	Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with	side shields (or goggles). Face shield is recommended.
- OtherWear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.Respiratory protectionIf engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not	Skin protection		
<b>Respiratory protection</b> If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not	- Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemic	cal resistant gloves.
limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not		Wear appropriate chemic	cal resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.
	Respiratory protection	limits (where applicable)	or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
Hygiene measures	When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Environmental exposure controls	Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. Fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment may be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

5.1. Information on basic physic	ai and chemical properties
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Colour	Not available.
Odour	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-114,1 °C (-173,38 °F) estimated
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	78,29 °C (172,92 °F) estimated
Flammability	Not applicable.
Flash point	13 °C (55,4 °F) estimated
Auto-ignition temperature	363 °C (685,4 °F) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Kinematic viscosity	Not available.
Solubility	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) (log value)	Not available.
Vapour pressure	79,06 hPa estimated
Density and/or relative density	
Density	0,803 g/cm3 estimated
Vapour density	Not available.
Particle characteristics	Not available.
9.2. Other information	
9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes	No relevant additional information available.
9.2.2. Other safety characteristic	S

# Porcont volatilo

2.2. Other safety characteristics		
85,58 % estimated		
0,80345 estimated		
87,4 % estimated		

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1. Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
10.2. Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Strong oxidising agents.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

General information	Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.
Information on likely routes of ex	xposure
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Evo contact	Causes serio	us eye irritation.	
Eye contact		•	is not likely to be a primary route of
Ingestion	occupational	May cause discomfort if swallowed. However, ingestion is not likely to be a primary route of occupational exposure.	
Symptoms		evere eye irritation. Symptoms may include . Coughing. May cause an allergic skin rea	
11.1. Information on hazard class	sses as defined	in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
Acute toxicity	No data avail	able.	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Based on ava	ailable data, the classification criteria are n	ot met.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serio	us eye irritation.	
Respiratory sensitisation	Due to partial	or complete lack of data the classification	is not possible.
Skin sensitisation	May cause a	n allergic skin reaction.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Due to partial	or complete lack of data the classification	is not possible.
Carcinogenicity	Due to partial	or complete lack of data the classification	is not possible.
Hungary. 26/2000 EüM Ordi (as amended) Not listed. IARC Monographs. Overall	-	ection against and preventing risk relati	ng to exposure to carcinogens at work
Eugenol (CAS 97-53-0)		• •	carcinogenicity to humans.
Reproductive toxicity	Based on ava	ailable data, the classification criteria are n	• •
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure		ailable data, the classification criteria are n	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Based on ava	ailable data, the classification criteria are n	ot met.
Aspiration hazard	Due to partial	or complete lack of data the classification	is not possible.
Mixture versus substance information	No informatio	n available.	
11.2. Information on other haza	rds		
Endocrine disrupting properties	according to	does not contain components considered t REACH Article 57(f) or regulation (EU) 201 evels of 0.1% or higher.	
Other information	Not available	·	
SECTION 12: Ecological in	nformation		
12.1. Toxicity		Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard.	
Components		Species	Test Results
Benzene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methyleth	nyl)- (CAS 99-87	7-6)	
Aquatic			
<i>Acute</i> Fish	LC50	Sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus)	36 - 64 mg/l, 96 hours
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)		<b>2</b> <i>i</i>	
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	7,7 - 11,2 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	42 mg/l, 4 days
Eucalyptol (CAS 470-82-6) <b>Aquatic</b> <i>Acute</i> Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas	) 95,4 - 109 mg/l, 96 hours
Eugenol (CAS 97-53-0) <b>Aquatic</b> <i>Acute</i>			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas	) 24 mg/l, 96 hours
12.2. Persistence and degradability	No data is av	ailable on the degradability of any ingredier	nts in the mixture.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

#### Partition coefficient

n-octanol/water (log Kow)	
1,4-Cyclohexadiene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-	5,4
alpha-Pinene	4,83
Benzene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-	4,1
Benzyl salicylate	4
beta-Pinene	4,16
Citral	2,76
	3,45
Citrus Aurantium Dulcis Flower Extract	4,38
Ethanol	-0,31
Eucalyptol	2,74
Eugenol	2,49
Hexyl Cinnamal	4,686
Linalool	2,97
Linalyl acetate	3,9
•	3,93
I-Limonene	4,57
Disconcentration factor (DCC) Not available	

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)Not available.12.4. Mobility in soilNo data available.12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB<br/>assessmentThis mixture does not contain substances assessed to be vPvB / PBT according to Regulation<br/>(EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.12.6. Endocrine disrupting<br/>propertiesThe product does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties<br/>according to REACH Article 57(f) or regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU)<br/>2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

**12.7. Other adverse effects** The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

## 12.8. Additional information

Estonia Dangerous substances in soil Data

Chemical pesticides (As the total sum of the active substances) 0,5 mg/kg
Chemical pesticides (As the total sum of the active substances) 20 mg/kg
Chemical pesticides (As the total sum of the active substances) 5 mg/kg
Chemical pesticides (As the total sum of the active substances) 0,5 mg/kg
Chemical pesticides (As the total sum of the active substances) 20 mg/kg
Chemical pesticides (As the total sum of the active substances) 5 mg/kg

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Residual waste	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
EU waste code	The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Disposal methods/information	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Special precautions	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

## ADR

14.1. UN number	UN1993
14.2. UN proper shipping	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa) (Ethanol,
name	Eucalyptol)
14.3. Transport hazard cla	ss(es)
Class Subsidiary risk	3

Label(s)	3
Hazard No. (ADR)	33
Tunnel restriction code	
14.4. Packing group	
14.5. Environmental hazards	
14.6. Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
RID	
14.1. UN number	UN1993
14.1. UN proper shipping	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa) (Ethanol,
name	Eucalyptol)
14.3. Transport hazard class	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
14.4. Packing group	11
14.5. Environmental hazards	No.
14.6. Special precautions	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
for user	
ADN	
14.1. UN number	
14.2. UN proper shipping	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Ethanol, Eucalyptol)
name	(00)
14.3. Transport hazard class	
Class Subsidiary risk	3
Subsidiary risk Label(s)	3
14.4. Packing group	
14.5. Environmental hazards	
14.6. Special precautions	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
for user	
ΙΑΤΑ	
14.1. UN number	UN1993
14.2. UN proper shipping	Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Ethanol, Eucalyptol)
name	
14.3. Transport hazard class	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards	
ERG Code	3H
14.6. Special precautions	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
for user	
Other information	
Passenger and cargo	Allowed with restrictions.
aircraft	
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.
IMDG	
14.1. UN number	UN1993
14.2. UN proper shipping	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Ethanol, Eucalyptol), MARINE POLLUTANT
name	(00)
14.3. Transport hazard class	
Class Subsidiary risk	3
14.4. Packing group	-
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
EmS	F-E, S-E
14.6. Special precautions	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
for user	
I-Limonene	
alpha-Pinene	
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk	Not established.
according to IMO instruments	

## ADN; ADR; IATA; IMDG; RID



Marine pollutant



General information

IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## EU regulations

Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 On persistent organic pollutants (recast), as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA Not listed.

## Authorisations

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended Not listed.

## **Restrictions on use**

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use as amended Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)

Linalool (CAS 78-70-6)

Directive 2004/37/EC: on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens and mutagens at work, as amended.

Not listed.

## Other EU regulations

 Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

 Benzene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)- (CAS 99-87-6)
 Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)

 I-Limonene (CAS 5989-54-8)
 Interregulations

 Other regulations
 The product is classified and labelled in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP

	Regulation) as amended. This Safety Data Sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended.
National regulations	Young people under 18 years old are not allowed to work with this product according to EU Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work, as amended Follow national regulation for work with chemical agents in accordance with Directive 98/24/EC, as amended.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

List of abbreviations	
	ADN: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.
	<ul> <li>ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.</li> <li>AGW: Occupational threshold limit value (Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert – Germany).</li> <li>CAS: Chemical Abstract Service.</li> <li>CEN: European Committee for Standardization.</li> <li>IATA: International Air Transport Association.</li> <li>IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk.</li> <li>IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.</li> <li>MAC: Maximum Allowed Concentration.</li> <li>MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships.</li> <li>PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic.</li> <li>RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.</li> <li>STEL: Short term exposure limit.</li> <li>TLV: Threshold Limit Value.</li> <li>TWA: Time Weighted Average.</li> </ul>
	VLE: Exposure Limit Value.
	VME: Exposure Average Value. vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative.
References	Not available.
Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture	The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculation methods and test data, if available.
Full text of any statements, which are not written out in full	
under sections 2 to 15	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H302 Harmful if swallowed.
	H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation.
	H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
	H331 Toxic if inhaled.
	H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
	H400 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Revision information	This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.
Training information	Follow training instructions when handling this material.
Disclaimer	Home Fragrance Italia S.r.L. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently

available.